

PowerHawk 6112, 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters

High Density Meters

Installation Guide



Hazard Categories and Special Symbols



Read these instructions carefully and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, service or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this bulletin or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.

The addition of either symbol to a “Danger” or “Warning” safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.

This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

⚠ DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **will result in** death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **can result in** death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **can result in** minor or moderate injury.

CAUTION

CAUTION, used without the safety alert symbol, indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **can result in** property damage.

NOTE: Provides additional information to clarify or simplify a procedure.

PLEASE NOTE

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Triacta for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

FCC NOTICE

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense. This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

**INDUSTRY CANADA CLASS B EMISSION
COMPLIANCE STATEMENT**

This equipment does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus as set out in the radio interference regulations of the Canadian ICES-003.

Avis de conformité aux normes d'Industrie Canada. Cet appareil numérique de la classe B est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

UL

UL (Underwriters Laboratories) are listed by the American Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) under NRTL (Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory) program. They are also accredited by Standards Council of Canada. This equipment complies with UL 61010-1 Second Edition and CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1-04.

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INTRODUCTION

This document describes the PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters, including procedures to install and start up the unit, and complete the initial configuration:

- “System Description” on page 1
- “Pre-Installation” on page 7
- “Installation Procedures” on page 8
- “Start-Up Sequence” on page 30
- “Fuse Replacement” on page 34

This documentation is intended for those responsible for installing and configuring the PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters. Installers must be qualified electricians with knowledge of local and national code requirements. See “Safety Precautions” on page 6.

System Description

The PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters support:

- single-phase, 2-wire
- single-phase, 3-wire (network)
- three-phase wye and Delta services

Depending on how the meters are installed and configured, they can meter 8, 12, or 24 individual meter points. The PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters are designed for residential, commercial, and industrial use and display the power and consumption readings for each measurement point.

PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 System Specifications

The PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 system architecture includes:

- single-phase, 2-wire; single-phase, 3-wire (network); and three-phase compatibility
- 120/208V, 120/240V and 277/480V configurations, and 347/600V with external potential transformers
- up to 8, 12, or 24 individual meter points
- local Ethernet configuration interface via PC and web browser
- on-board modem and Ethernet ports for remote reporting
- serial port for remote display
- 2 pulse inputs to connect metering devices

Table 1 lists the system specifications of the PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters.

Table 1: PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meter specifications

Specification	PowerHawk 6212 meter	PowerHawk 6312 meter	PowerHawk 6412 meter
Dimensions	Height: 13.125 in. (33.5 cm) Width: 12 in. (30.5 cm) Depth: 2.125 in. (5.5 cm)	Height: 13.125 in. (33.5 cm) Width: 12 in. (30.5 cm) Depth: 2.125 in. (5.5 cm)	Height: 13.125 in. (33.5 cm) Width: 17 in. (44 cm) Depth: 2.125 in. (5.5 cm)
Weight	8.77 lb (3.98 kg)	8.77 lb (3.98 kg)	11.9 lb (5.4 kg)
Sense voltage	100V to 300V 50/60Hz 2W+N+Protective Earth Wye 3W+N+Protective Earth Wye 3W+Protective Earth Delta	100V to 300V 50/60Hz 2W+N+Protective Earth Wye 3W+N+Protective Earth Wye 3W+Protective Earth Delta	100V to 300V 50/60Hz 2W+N+Protective Earth Wye 3W+N+Protective Earth Wye 3W+Protective Earth Delta
Control voltage and current	North America: 120V 125 mA 60 Hz International: 230-240V 63 mA 50/60 Hz	North America: 120V 125 mA 60 Hz International: 230-240V 63 mA 50/60 Hz	North America: 120V 125 mA 60 Hz International: 230-240V 63 mA 50/60 Hz
Current transformers Measurement Category III	0.333 V secondary CT Note: All CTs used with the product must be UL recognized/listed.	80 mA secondary CT 200 A primary CT Meter burden: 4.04 ohms CT burden: 20 ohms Triacta part number 900-313-00 Model 7896 Note: All CTs used with the product must be UL recognized/listed.	5 A secondary CT Note: All CTs used with the product must be UL recognized/listed.
Measurement accuracy (Accuracy compliant when used with 0.3% CTs)	ANSI C12.20 Class 0.5 IEC 62053-22 Class 0.5S	ANSI C12.20 Class 0.5 IEC 62053-22 Class 0.5S Measurement Canada Approved EG07 compliant	ANSI C12.20 Class 0.5 IEC 62053-22 Class 0.5S Measurement Canada Approved EG07 compliant
Pulse inputs 1 and 2	Dry form A and solid-state form A compatible Maximum frequency 10 Hz Minimum pulse width 20 ms	Dry form A and solid-state form A compatible Maximum frequency 10 Hz Minimum pulse width 20 ms	Dry form A and solid-state form A compatible Maximum frequency 10 Hz Minimum pulse width 20 ms
Non-volatile memory storage	120 days in 15-minute intervals	120 days in 15-minute intervals	120 days in 15-minute intervals
Onboard modem	V.90	V.90	V.90
Onboard Ethernet port	10/100 Mb/s	10/100 Mb/s	10/100 Mb/s
Serial port	115 kb/s	115 kb/s	115 kb/s
Fuse rating (F1)	North America:120V: T125 mA, 250V International 230V: T63 mA, 250V	North America:120V: T125 mA, 250V International 230V: T63 mA, 250V	North America:120V: T125 mA, 250V International 230V: T63 mA, 250V
Environmental			
Operating temperature	-40 to 70°C	-40 to 70°C	-40 to 70°C
Operating humidity	5% to 90% non-condensing	5% to 90% non-condensing	5% to 90% non-condensing
Usage environment	Indoor or enclosed outdoor environment	Indoor or enclosed outdoor environment	Indoor or enclosed outdoor environment
Maximum altitude	9843 ft (3000 m)	9843 ft (3000 m)	9843 ft (3000 m)
Pollution degree	2	2	2

Front Panel Display

The PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters have the following front panel features (Figure 1 shows the PowerHawk 6312 front panel):

- **LCD** — displays 2 rows of 16 characters for each of the meter points (8, 12, or 24)
- **Display button** — cycles through the available information for each of the meter points
- **Left and right arrow buttons** — selects which of the meter points is on the display

Figure 1: PowerHawk 6312 front panel



Figure 2 shows the internal view of the PowerHawk 6212 and PowerHawk 6312. See Figure 3 for the internal view of the PowerHawk 6412.

Figure 2: PowerHawk 6212 and PowerHawk 6312 internal view

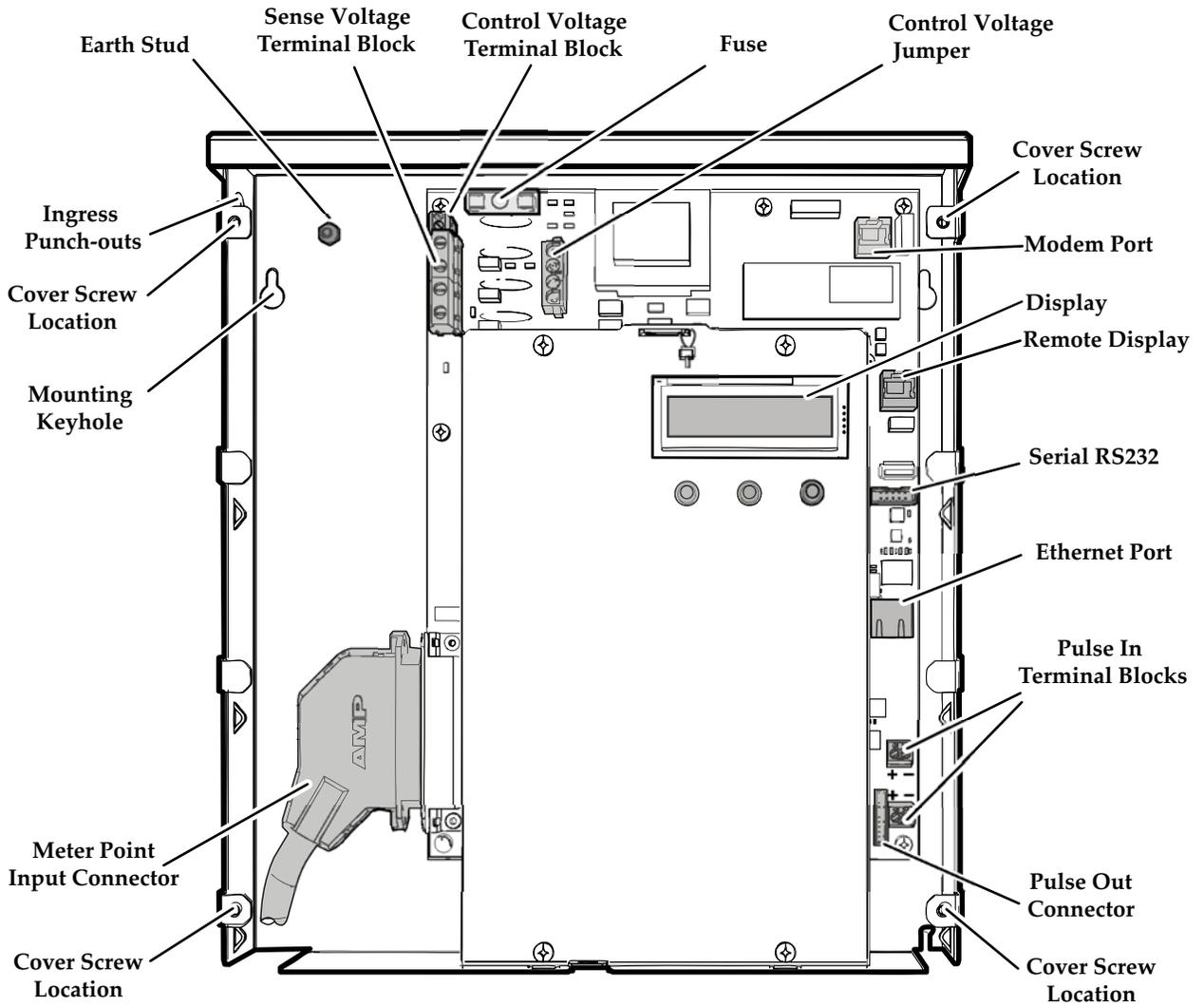
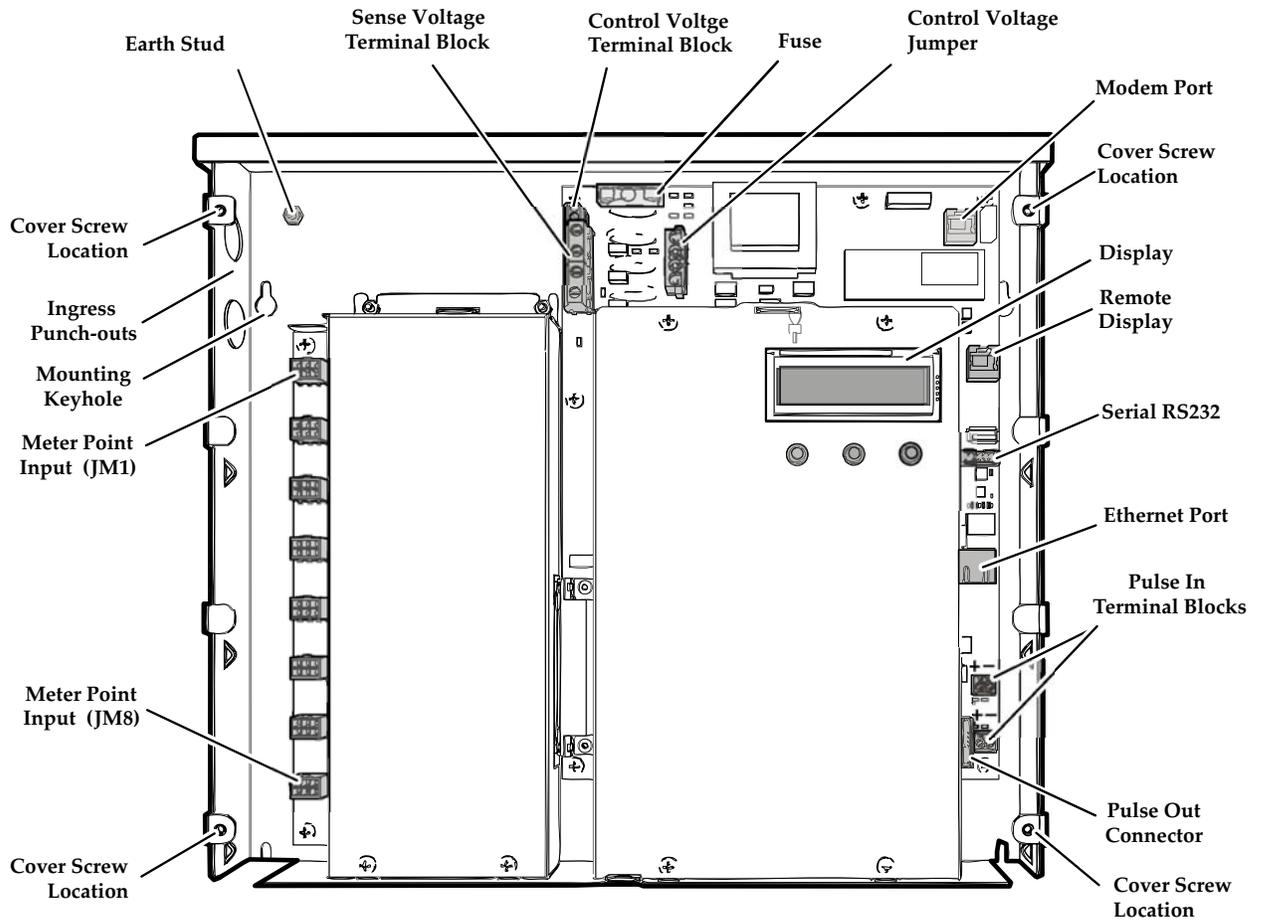


Figure 3: PowerHawk 6412 internal view



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Carefully observe these safety instructions.

⚠ DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Apply appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) and follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E.
- Only qualified electrical workers should install this equipment. Such work should be performed only after reading this entire set of instructions.
- The equipment must be accessible to authorized personnel only. Equipment must be installed in areas where access can be restricted.
- NEVER work alone.
- Before performing visual inspections, tests, or maintenance of this equipment, disconnect all sources of electric power. Assume that all circuits are live until they have been completely de-energized, tested, and tagged. Pay particular attention to the design of the power system. Consider all sources of power, including the possibility of backfeeding.
- Turn off all power supplying the meter and the equipment in which it is installed before working on it.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm that all power is off.
- Before closing all covers and doors, carefully inspect the work area for tools and objects that may have been left inside the equipment.
- Successful equipment operation requires proper handling, installation, and operation. Neglecting fundamental installation requirements can lead to personal injury as well as damage to electrical equipment or other property.
- NEVER bypass external fusing.
- NEVER short the secondary of a Potential Transformer (PT).
- Always short the secondary of a current transformer prior to disconnecting current input loads.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Electrical Safety Compliance

- Use the unit only in accordance with the electrical power rating
- The unit is only to be installed by a qualified electrician
- Initial installation of the unit must be inspected by the local electrical Inspection Authority
- Install the unit in compliance with the following local and national electrical codes:
 - Canada: Canadian Electrical Code, Part I, CSA C22.1
 - United States: National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70; US National Electrical Code
 - Elsewhere: International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 364, Part 1-7
- Ensure that the unit is properly earthed
- If the equipment is installed or used in a manner other than that specified in this document, it may void your warranty or impair the protection of the equipment.

INSTALLATION

This section contains the following installation topics:

- “Pre-Installation” on page 7
- “Installation Procedures” on page 8
- “Start-Up Sequence” on page 30

Pre-Installation

The pre-installation checklist and site planning must be performed before installing the equipment at the site.

Receiving

The equipment required for each PowerHawk meter installation includes:

- high-density meter (PowerHawk 6212, PowerHawk 6312 or PowerHawk 6412)
- For the PowerHawk 6212 and PowerHawk 6312, one 12-ft (4-m) AMP cable with one 50-pin connector supplied with each unit
- For the PowerHawk 6412, two Mate-n-Lok™ wiring harnesses supplied with each unit in 8-, 12-, or 24-connector variants
- CD and meter configuration software, this installation manual and an installation record form

When you receive your order, verify that the items listed above are included with the shipment, and visually inspect them for damage. If any parts are missing or damaged, contact your Triacta representative.

Pre-Installation Checklist

The installer must provide the following information, tools, and equipment before proceeding with the installation:

- certified current transformers for metering (not supplied)
- an appropriate 15-Amp maximum circuit breaker or a fused disconnect switch for the type of panel
- current/voltage meter to test the phasing of panels
- RJ45 Ethernet patch cable
- 4-wire 14 AWG (1.63 mm²) cable for three-phase wye connected circuits, or 3-wire 14 AWG (1.63 mm²) cable for a single-phase wye connected circuits
- small flat-head screwdriver
- #2 Phillips screwdriver
- crimping tool
- 18 AWG butt splice connector
- wire strippers
- four 1-inch (25 mm) #8 mounting screws suitable for selected mounting surface

If using a modem, these items are also required:

- phone or butt set to test the phone line
- RJ11 junction box
- RJ11 splitter to tap into the existing junction box
- RJ11 patch cable
- xDSL filter if required (many businesses have their internet access on the same line as the fax)

Site Planning

1. Determine the number of PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters to be installed and ensure adequate space. For clearances, see Figure 4 on page 10.
2. Determine the number of analog phone lines or Ethernet drops required, and ensure they are installed before installing the PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters. The recommended maximum number of PowerHawk meters per phone line is 50.
3. Determine the number and types of meters or monitors required (single-phase, network, or three-phase).
4. Determine the model number and correct sense voltage based on the voltage label on the top right side of the unit.

Access to Power and Lighting

The installation site must be supplied with access to the main electrical panel and any sub-panels. Portable or permanent lighting must be available to provide the installers with a clear view of the equipment and of the installation environment. Each installation may vary depending on physical site restrictions.

Installation Procedures

This section provides information about activities that must be performed to install the PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters in a single-phase 2-wire, single-phase 3-wire (network), or three-phase 4-wire application. The installation procedures must be performed in the following order:

1. "Mounting the PowerHawk Meters" on page 9
2. "Installing Potential Transformers for Three-Phase Service Greater Than 277V" on page 11
3. "Installing the Sense Voltage and Control Voltage Cables in Wye and Delta Services" on page 13
4. "Installing the Current Transformers" on page 21
5. "Connecting the Communications" on page 30
 - a. "Connecting the Phone Line" on page 30
 - b. "Connecting the Ethernet Cable" on page 30
 - c. "Manually Testing Communications" on page 30
6. "Start-Up Sequence" on page 30
7. "Recording the Meter Map" on page 32

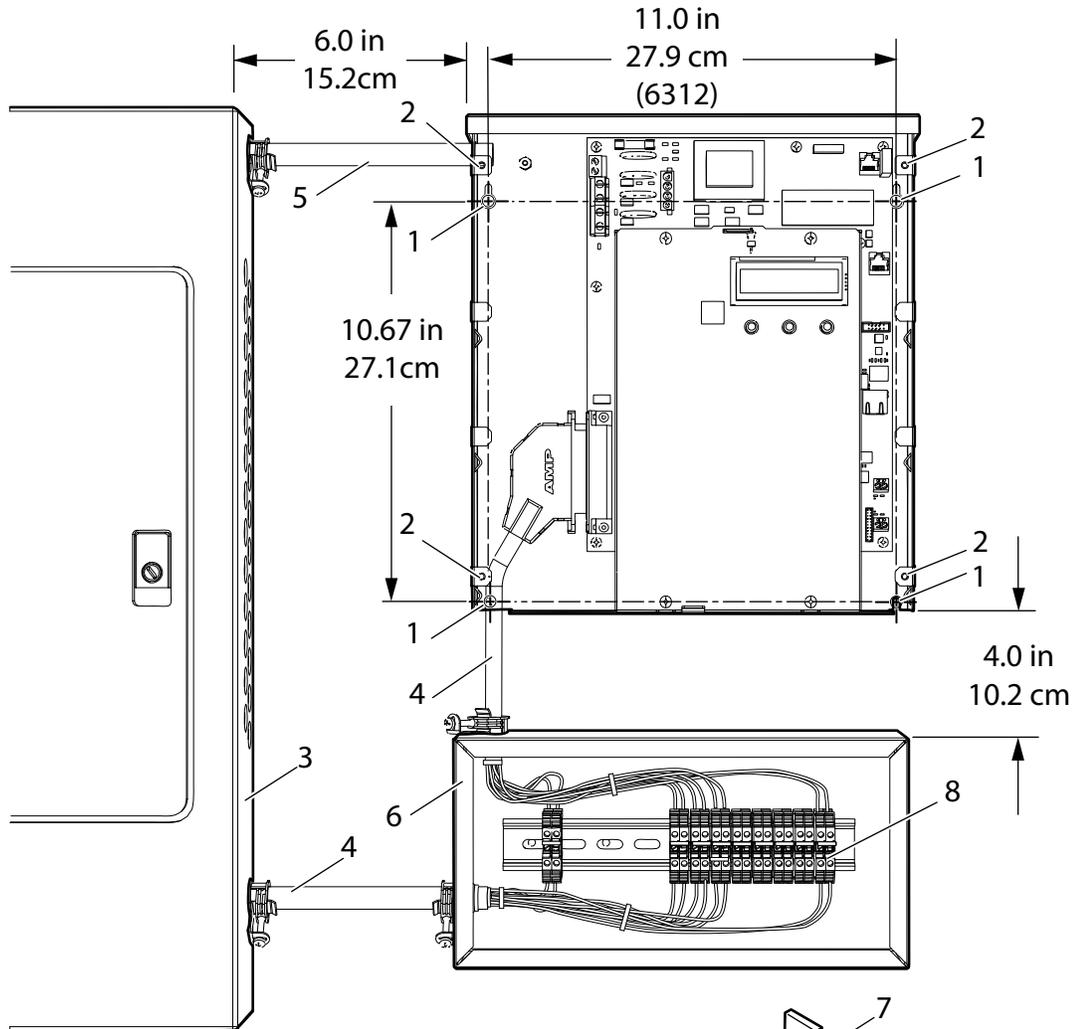
Mounting the PowerHawk Meters

Figure 4 shows the general mounting layout for metering 120V/208V wye services, and Figure 6 shows the general mounting layout for metering 347V/600V wye services.

1. Mount the PowerHawk meter and the shorting block enclosure adjacent to the main circuit breaker box using the 1-inch (25-mm) #8 screws. If mounting the unit on a plasterboard surface, use cylinder plugs.
2. Remove the front cover from the meter by removing the four screws with a #2 Phillips screwdriver. Retain the cover and screws for later re-installation.
3. Mount the PowerHawk meter on the wall and secure it by inserting a screw in each mounting keyhole and tightening the screws.
4. Mount the shorting block enclosure on the wall as shown in Figures 4 and 6. Secure it by inserting a screw in each mounting keyhole and tightening the screws.

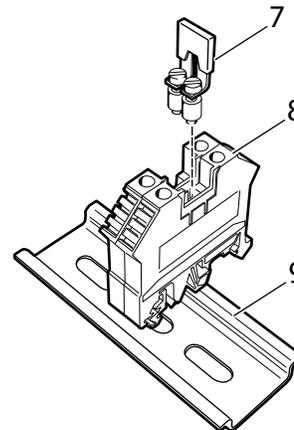
In Figure 4, the meter is powered and takes its sense voltage directly from a breaker within the panel.

Figure 4: 120V Mounting Layout, Dimensions and Clearances



Legend:

1. Mounting keyhole
2. Cover screw location
3. Electrical distribution panel
4. CT conduit
5. Power conduit
6. Shorting block enclosure
7. Shorting jumper
8. Shorting block
9. DIN rail



**Installing Potential Transformers for
Three-Phase Service Greater Than 277V**

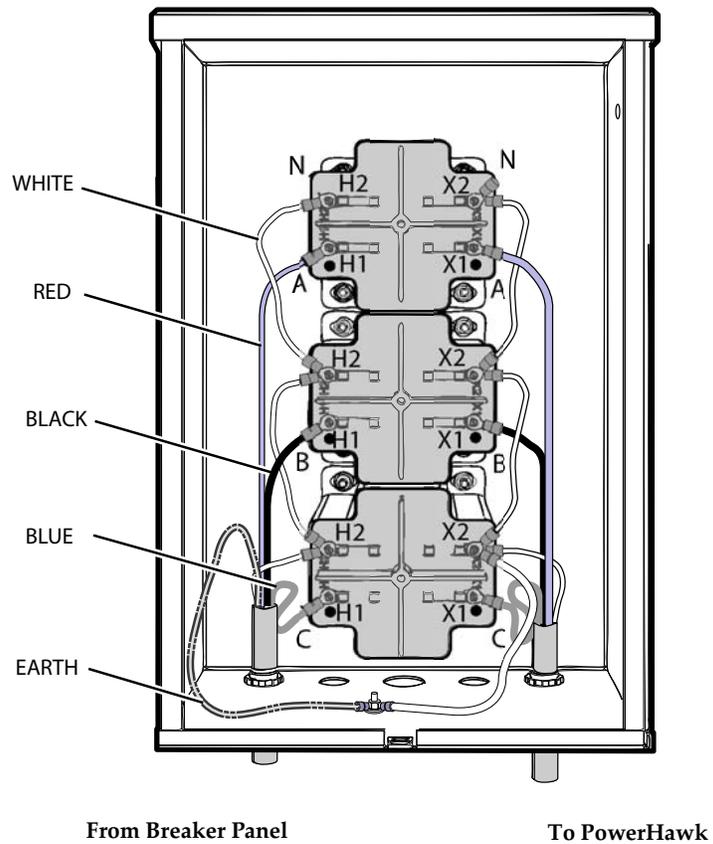
Potential transformers are required when metering services greater than the rated input of the meter. Potential transformers are used to reduce the line-to-neutral voltage of the service to 120V. The accuracy class should be 0.3% or better, with a burden rating of 30VA.

For applications in Canada, Measurement Canada approved potential transformers are required. Measurement Canada requires an accuracy class of 0.3% or better, with a 150VA rating.

NOTE: Potential transformer burden depends on the control voltage source. If control voltage is provided separately (not derived from the metered voltage), then lower transformer burden may be acceptable. Contact your local Triacta representative for details.

Potential transformers must be mounted in a listed electrical enclosure as shown in Figure 5.

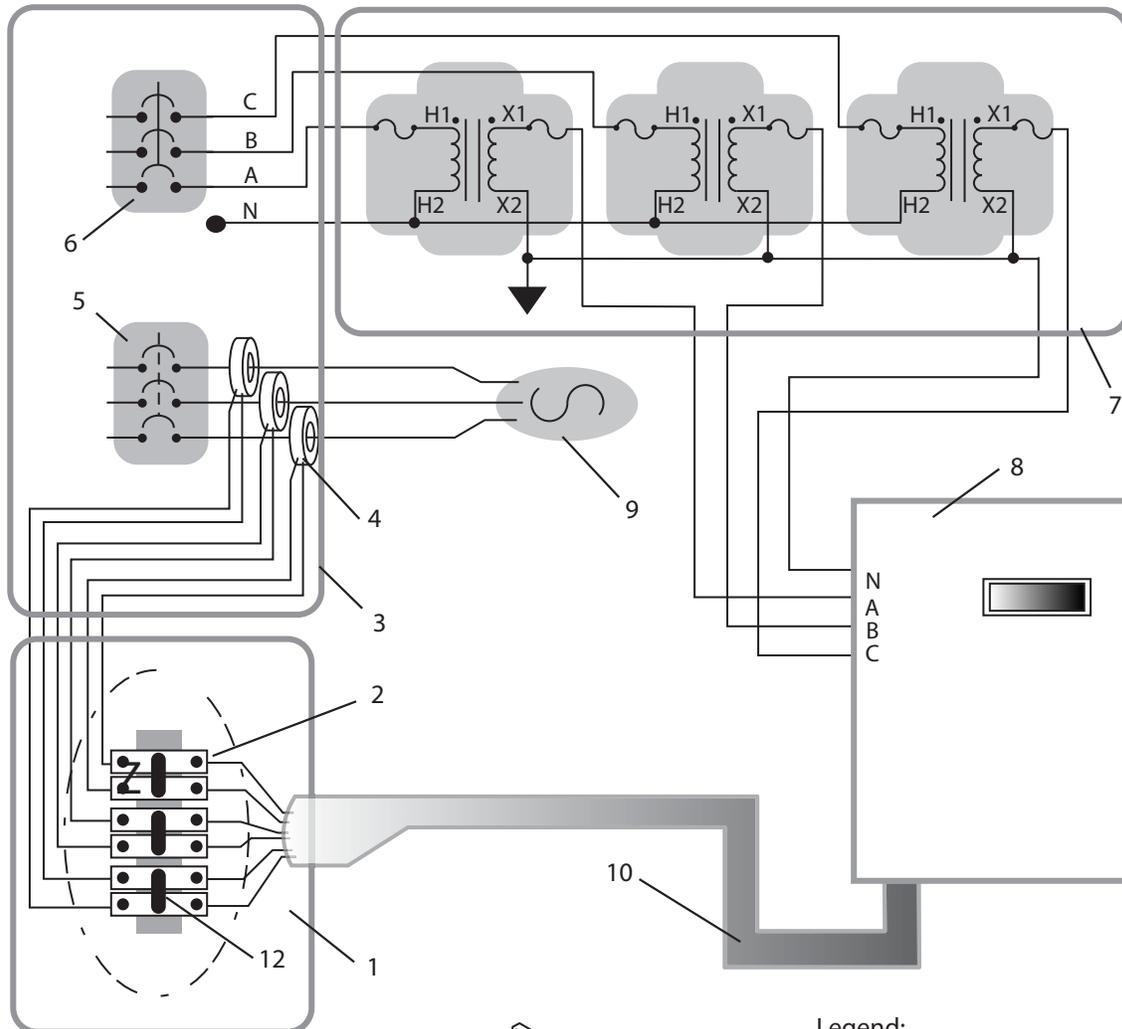
Figure 5: Potential transformer chassis



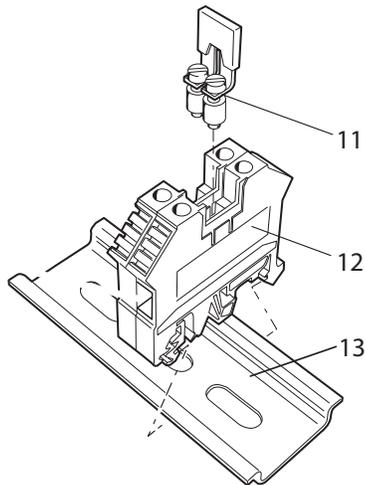
Mount the potential transformer enclosure between the supply voltage and the PowerHawk meters as shown in Figure 6. Transformer configuration must be Y||Y (wye-wye).

In Figure 6, the meter is powered from the potential transformers that are fed from a breaker within the 347V/600V panel. The CT cable is connected to the shorting enclosure before connecting to the CTs in the panel.

Figure 6: Typical three-phase 347V installation



Shunting block detail



Legend:

- 1 Shunting block enclosure
- 2 Shunting block
- 3 Breaker panel
- 4 Current transformer
- 5 Load breaker
- 6 Meter breaker
- 7 Transformer enclosure
- 8 PowerHawk meter
- 9 Load
- 10 Cable
- 11 Shunting jumper
- 12 Shunting block
- 13 DIN rail

Installing the Sense Voltage and Control Voltage Cables in Wye and Delta Services

The sense voltage (A, B, C, N) provides phase voltages for metering. The configuration depends on the type of service being metered:

- see “For a single-phase panel with the 120V variant of the meter:” on page 15
- see “For a 120/208V three-phase wye panel with the 120V variant of the meter:” on page 16
- see “For a 240/416V three-phase wye panel with the 230/240V variant of the meter:” on page 17
- see “For a 277/480V three-phase wye panel with the 120V variant of the meter:” on page 18
- see “For a 347/600V or higher three-phase wye panel with potential transformers with the 120V variant of the meter:” on page 19
- see “For a three-phase Delta panel with the 120V variant of the meter:” on page 20

The PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters are shipped from the factory with a control voltage jumper that can be used to connect the control voltage input and the sense voltage inputs to provide control voltage to the unit. The following procedures explain how to connect the sense voltage inputs for each of the service types.

For a single-phase panel, use a 3-wire (red, black, white), 14 AWG (1.63 mm²), 90°C (194°F) cable. For a three-phase panel, use a 4-wire (red, black, blue, white), 14 AWG (1.63 mm²), 90°C (194°F) cable. For a Delta service, use a 3-wire (red, black, blue), 14 AWG (1.63 mm²), 90°C (194°F) cable. Metallic, flexible armored cable (BX cable) is recommended for commercial installations as shown in Figure 7 on page 15.

The PowerHawk meters must be connected to the sense voltage and control voltage through a properly rated disconnect that disconnects all line and neutral wires, so it can be powered down. The disconnect must be located within easy reach of the meter operator, and must be labeled as such. Opening the disconnect or breaker is the disconnect device. For multiple PowerHawk meter installations, the same disconnect can be used to power all meters, and must be labeled for all meters it supplies power to. The disconnect device must meet IEC 60947-1, IEC 60947-3 and/or comply with the local electrical code.

To install the control voltage cable in a 120/208V or 120/240V application:

⚠ DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Apply appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) and follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E.
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel.
- Turn off all power supplying this equipment before working on or inside equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off.
- Replace all devices, doors and covers before turning on power to this equipment.
- The meters must be connected to the sense voltage and control voltage through a properly rated voltage disconnect (not shown in the wiring diagrams).

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

NOTE: If the circuit breaker panel does not designate phase A, phase B and phase C feeds, make your own designation and use it for the rest of the installation.

1. Before connecting the sense voltages, turn off the power to the circuit being connected.
2. Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off.
3. Connect the sense voltages phase A, B, C, and N leads from the voltage disconnect to the meter as described in Figure 7 on page 15 and Figure 8 on page 16.

NOTE: The phase wiring sequence A, B, C between the PowerHawk meter and the panel must match or the measurement readings will be wrong.

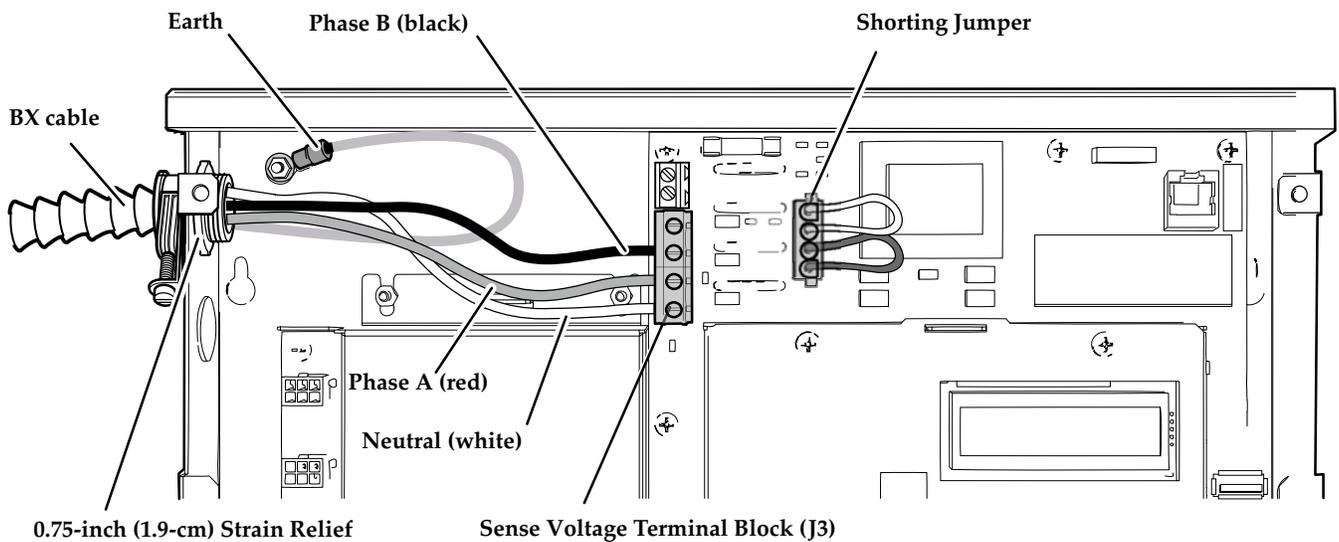
4. If more than one meter is being installed, repeat this procedure for each additional meter.

For a single-phase panel with the 120V variant of the meter:

- Connect meter terminal A to the voltage disconnect phase A (red wire)
- Connect meter terminal B to the voltage disconnect phase B (black wire)
- Connect meter neutral terminal to neutral bar in the voltage disconnect panel (white wire)
- Connect earth wire to earth post using lug provided
- Meter terminal C is not connected
- Install power supply shorting jumpers (see Figure 7)

The PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters are rated for direct input of 120V to 277V 60Hz phase potential. When metering services greater than 120V, the meter is powered from a separate 120V instrument transformer. Figure 10 shows the wiring of the control voltage transformer for a service between 240V and 277V.

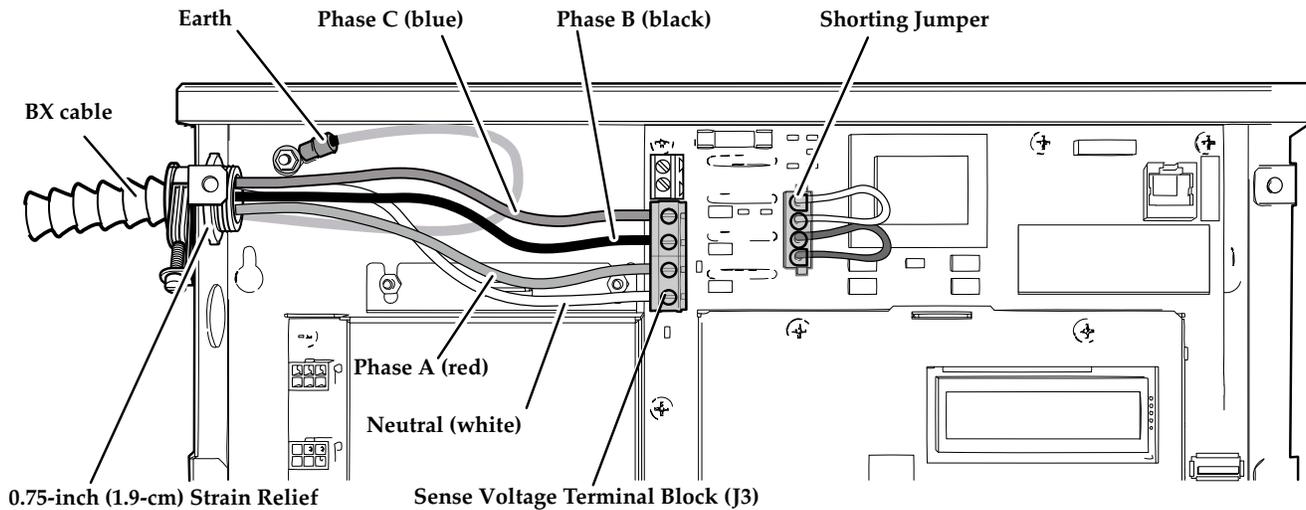
Figure 7: PowerHawk meter in a 120/240V single-phase connection



For a 120/208V three-phase wye panel with the 120V variant of the meter:

- Connect meter terminal A to the voltage disconnect phase A (red wire)
- Connect meter terminal B to the voltage disconnect phase B (black wire)
- Connect meter terminal C to the voltage disconnect phase C (blue wire)
- Connect meter neutral terminal to neutral bar in the voltage disconnect panel (white wire)
- Connect earth wire to earth post using lug provided
- Install power supply shorting jumpers (see Figure 8)

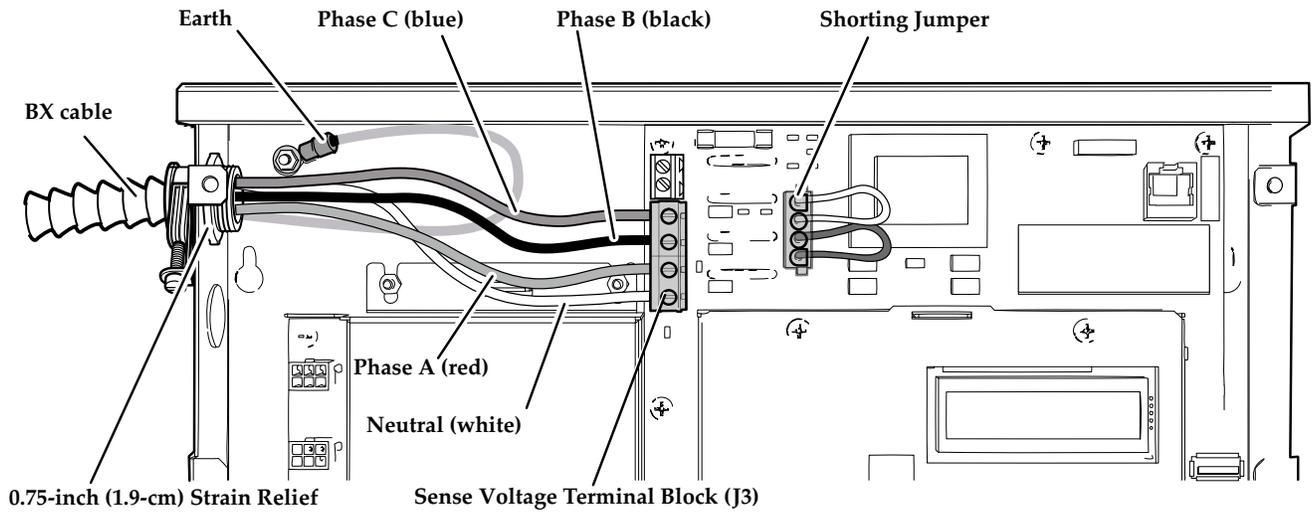
Figure 8: PowerHawk meter 120/208V three-phase wye service connection



For a 240/416V three-phase wye panel with the 230/240V variant of the meter:

- Connect meter terminal A to the voltage disconnect phase A (red wire)
- Connect meter terminal B to the voltage disconnect phase B (black wire)
- Connect meter terminal C to the voltage disconnect phase C (blue wire)
- Connect meter neutral terminal to neutral bar in the voltage disconnect panel (white wire)
- Connect earth wire to earth post using lug provided
- Install power supply shorting jumpers (see Figure 9)

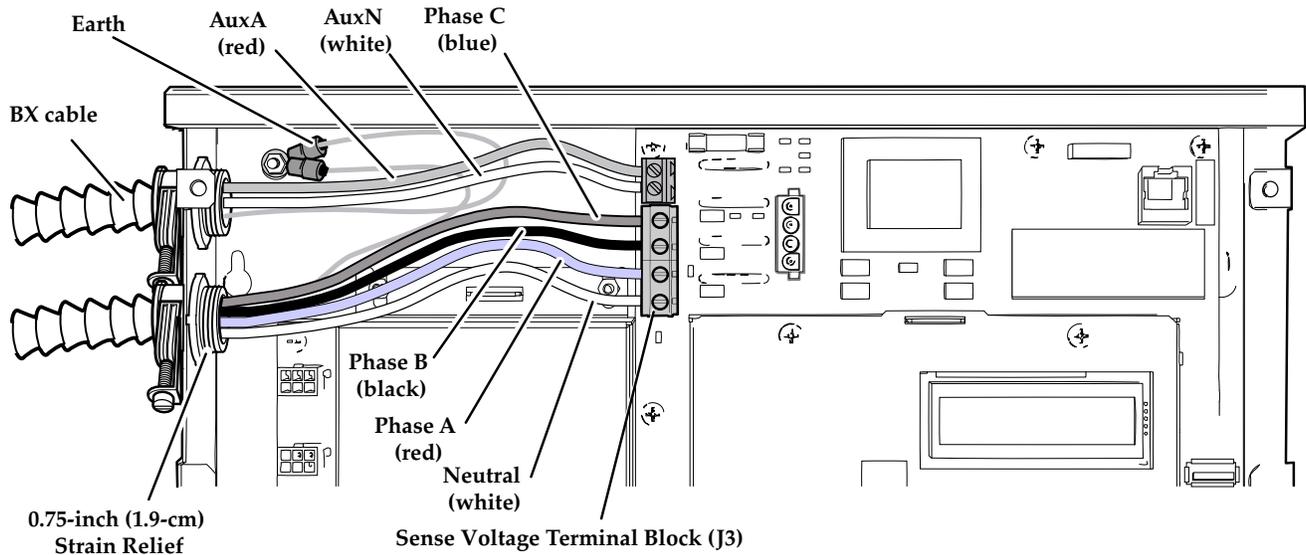
Figure 9: PowerHawk meter 240/416V three-phase wye service connection



For a 277/480V three-phase wye panel with the 120V variant of the meter:

- Connect meter terminal A to the voltage disconnect phase A (red wire)
- Connect meter terminal B to the voltage disconnect phase B (black wire)
- Connect meter terminal C to the voltage disconnect phase C (blue wire)
- Connect meter neutral terminal to neutral bar in the voltage disconnect panel (white wire)
- Connect earth wire to earth post using lug provided
- From the auxiliary power transformer, connect 120V auxiliary power to AUXA and AUXN on the meter (see Figure 10)

Figure 10: PowerHawk meter 277/480V three-phase wye service connection

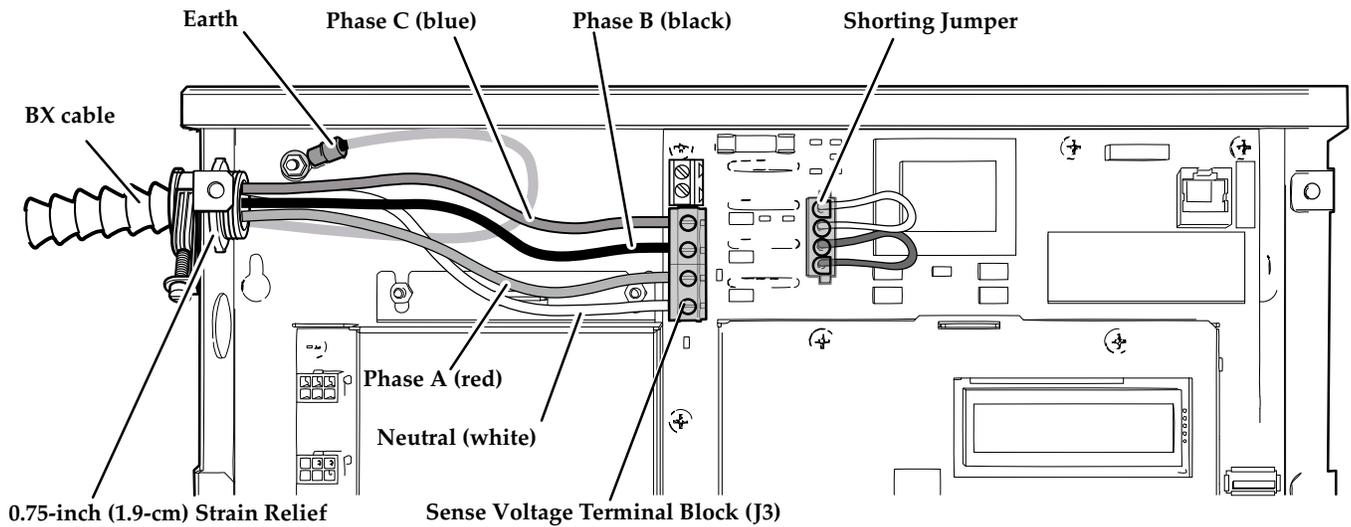


For a 347/600V or higher three-phase wye panel with potential transformers with the 120V variant of the meter:

- Connect meter terminal A to the voltage disconnect phase A (red wire)
- Connect meter terminal B to the voltage disconnect phase B (black wire)
- Connect meter terminal C to the voltage disconnect phase C (blue wire)
- Connect meter neutral terminal to neutral bar in the voltage disconnect panel (white wire)
- Connect earth wire to earth post using lug provided
- Install power supply shorting jumpers (see Figure 11)

NOTE: For the wiring of the potential transformers, see Figure 6.

Figure 11: PowerHawk meter 347/600V or higher three-phase wye service with potential transformers connection



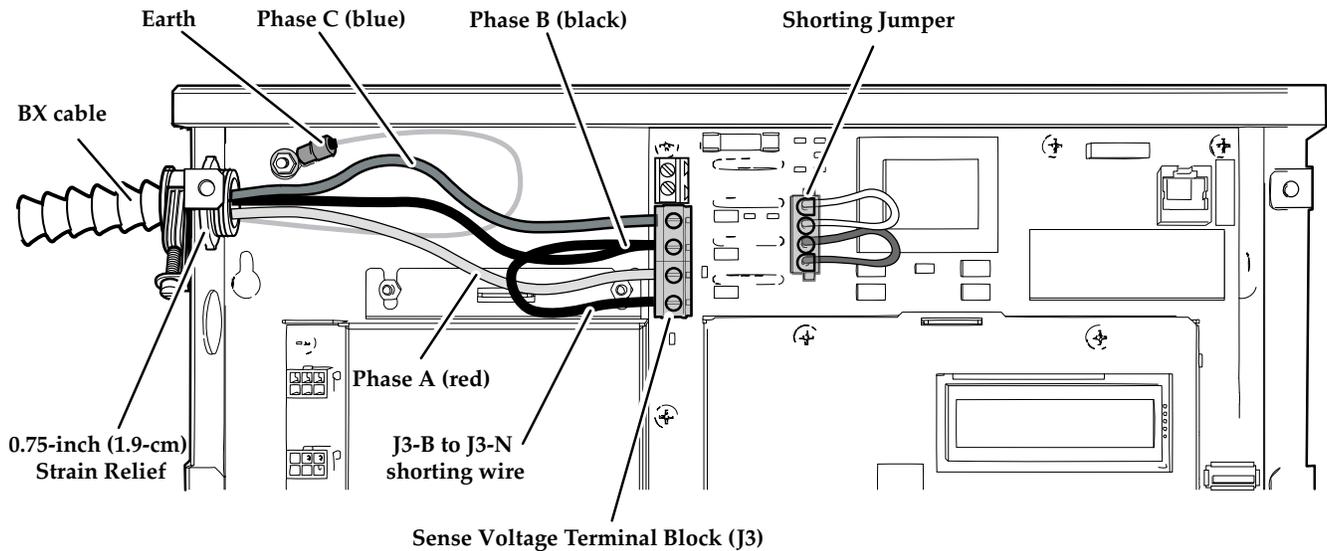
Delta service metering

To use the PowerHawk meter in a Delta service, the line-to-line voltage from the Delta service must be reduced to 120V line-to-line using appropriate potential transformers. Metering a Delta service requires only two potential transformers, and only two CTs for phase A and C. Using the phase B CT is optional.

For a three-phase Delta panel with the 120V variant of the meter:

- Connect meter terminal A to the voltage disconnect phase A (red wire)
- Connect meter terminal C to the voltage disconnect phase C (blue wire)
- Connect meter neutral terminal to meter terminal B (black wire)
- Connect earth wire to earth post using lug provided (see Figure 12)

Figure 12: PowerHawk meter three-phase Delta service connection



Installing the Current Transformers

The three models of PowerHawk meter use current transformers (CTs) with different secondary outputs. The PowerHawk 6212 meter uses split-core 0.333V CTs (see Figure 13), and the PowerHawk 6312 meter uses 80mA CTs only (see Figure 14) and is typically used where accuracy is important and long secondary CT wiring is required (up to 300 feet [91.44 meters]). The PowerHawk 6312 meter can also use a 5A CT if a 5A converter has first been installed.

For instructions, see “Installing the CTs on the PowerHawk 6212 and PowerHawk 6312” on page 22, and “Installing 5A Converters and CTs on the PowerHawk 6312” on page 23.

The PowerHawk 6412 uses 5A secondary CTs. For instructions, see “Installing the 5A CTs on the PowerHawk 6412” on page 27.

Current transformers connect to the PowerHawk 6212 and PowerHawk 6312 meters through the 50-conductor CT cable provided with the meter. Table 2 describes the CT wire pairs and the cable color scheme for each meter point. You can also find this information on the inside of the meter’s outer cover.

Each CT has an X1 (positive) and X2 (neutral) wire pair and uses butt-splice connectors to attach the CT to a specific meter wire pair. The direction of the energy flow is indicated on the CT.

Figure 13: PowerHawk 6212 split-core 0.333V current transformer

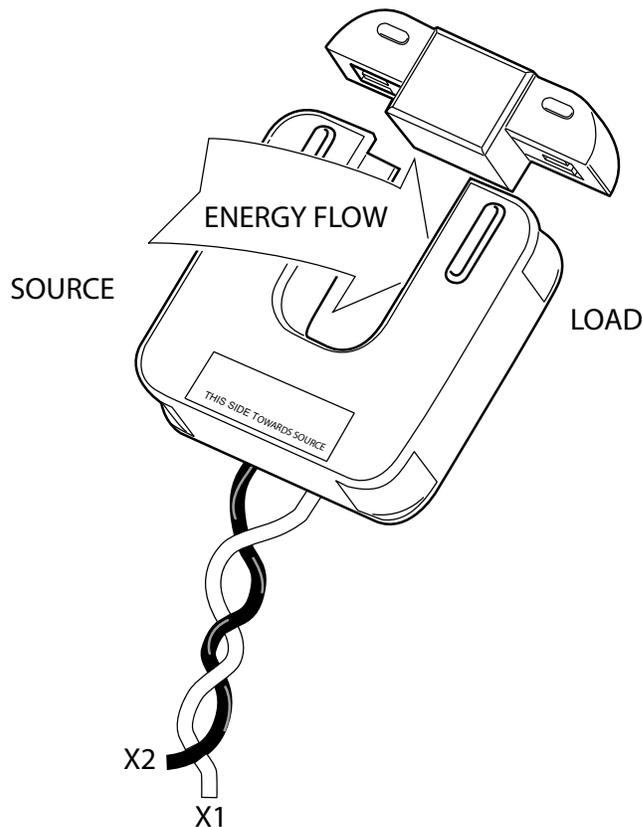
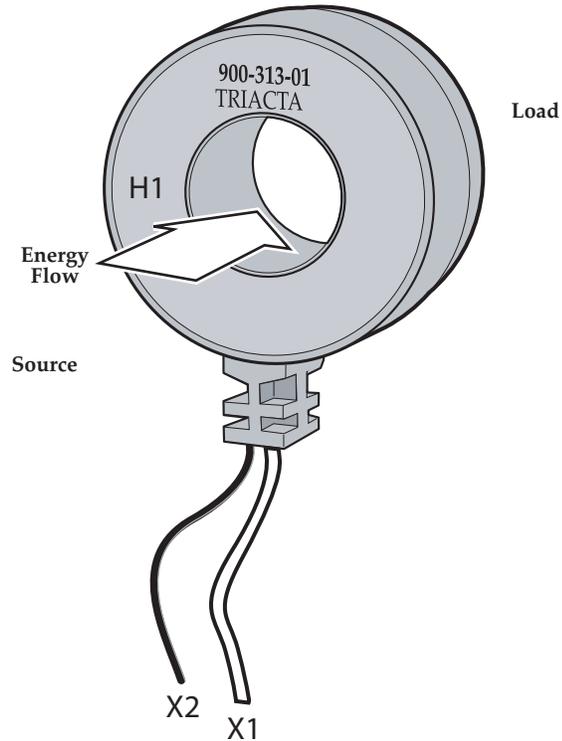


Figure 14: PowerHawk 6312 mA current transformer



Installing the CTs on the PowerHawk 6212 and PowerHawk 6312

Do not apply power until you have made these connections and followed all of the instructions below:

- Connect all CTs to the appropriate circuits
- Connect the CTs to the cables
- Connect the cables to the PowerHawk meter

To install the mA current transformers on the PowerHawk 6312 or the 0.333V current transformers on the PowerHawk 6212, follow these steps:

⚠ DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Turn off all power supplying this equipment before working on or inside the equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off.
- NEVER open circuit a CT; use the shorting block to short circuit the leads of the CT before removing the connection from the meter.
- Do not crimp the insulation when making the wire connections.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

1. Connect the 50-pin connector to the PowerHawk connector located at the bottom side of the unit, and secure it in place with the retaining clips.
2. Feed the free end of the cable through the bottom left of the meter enclosure.

This cable is made up of twisted-pair wires for connecting the individual CTs to the metered points. The color codes for the X1 (positive) and X2 (neutral) connections for each CT are listed in Table 2 on page 26.

NOTE: The direction of the energy flow is indicated on the CT.

3. Turn off the power feed to the panel where the CTs are being installed. Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off.
4. Feed the CT cable into the panel through an appropriate punch-out with an approved strain relief.
5. Strip the plastic sheaths on the cable to an appropriate length to expose the wire pairs. Cut and strip the CT leads and wire pair leads to an appropriate length. Crimp the CT leads to the wire pairs for each meter point.
6. Connect the X1 lead of the CT to the X1 lead of the cable, then connect the X2 lead of the CT to the X2 lead of the cable (see Table 2).
7. When using solid-core CTs, remove the feed wire from the circuit breaker, place the CT over the wire, and reconnect to the circuit breaker. Ensure that the arrow on the CT label is pointing in the direction of the energy flow (toward the load).
8. When using split-core CTs, separate the halves of the CT and place the CT over the wire to the circuit breaker. Ensure that the CT is facing the source as shown on the label. Install cable ties to ensure that the CT halves are held together securely.
9. Repeat steps 5 to 8 for the remaining CTs.

Installing 5A Converters and CTs on the PowerHawk 6312

When both low-current (200A and 400A) and high-current (600A or higher) circuits need to be measured with the same PowerHawk meter, converters are available to allow the use of Measurement Canada approved 5A CTs with the appropriate current rating. 5A CT converters transform the 5A maximum output from a standard CT to the 80mA maximum of the PowerHawk meter.

The 5A side of the converter is the black and red wire pair, and the 80mA side of the converter is the black and white wire pair.

NOTE: It is recommended that 5A converters and shorting devices be installed in a sealable metal enclosure.

To connect the 5A CT to the converter on the PowerHawk 6312, follow these steps:

⚠ DANGER	
HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Turn off all power supplying this equipment before working on or inside the equipment.• Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off.• NEVER open circuit a CT; use the shorting block to short circuit the leads of the CT before removing the connection from the meter.• Do not crimp the insulation when making the wire connections.	
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.	

1. Connect the X1 lead of the 5A CT to the shorting device.
2. Connect the X2 lead of the 5A CT to the shorting device.
3. Connect the X1 lead (red) from the 5A side of the converter to the CT X1 lead on the shorting device.
4. Connect the X2 lead (black) from the 5A side of the converter to the CT X2 lead on the shorting device.
5. Connect the X1 lead (white) from the 80mA side of the converter to the X1 lead within the 25 pair cable for the selected meter point ID listed in Table 2.
6. Connect the X2 lead (black) from the 80mA side of the converter to the X2 lead within the 25 pair cable for the selected meter point ID listed in Table 2

Figure 15 shows a 5A CT connected to the converter.

Figure 15: PowerHawk 6312 5A CT connection to converter

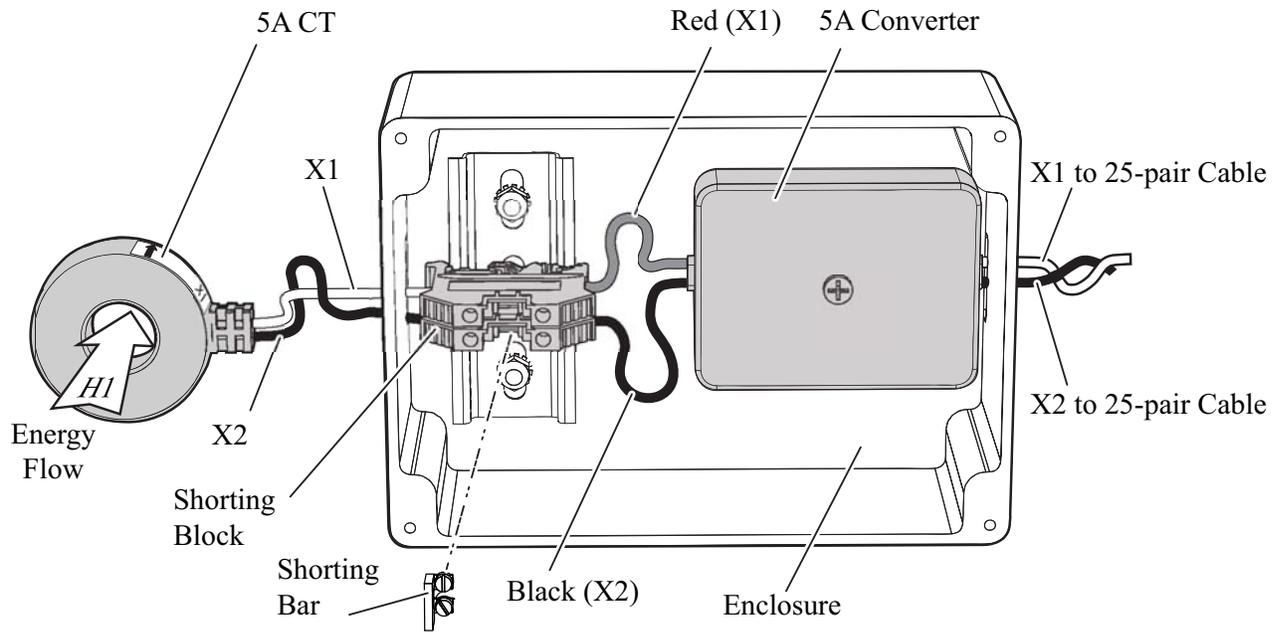


Table 2: PowerHawk 6212 and PowerHawk 6312 CT color pair identification

1-phase, 24 meter points			Network- or 1-phase, 12 meter points			3-phase, 8 meter points		
Meter point ID (meter point #-probe #)	Connect X1 CT lead to:	Connect X2 CT lead to:	Meter point ID (meter point #-probe #)	Connect X1 CT lead to:	Connect X2 CT lead to:	Meter point ID (meter point #-probe #)	Connect X1 CT lead to:	Connect X2 CT lead to:
1-1	Black	Green	1-1	Black	Green	1-1	Black	Green
2-1	Black	White	1-2	Black	White	1-2	Black	White
3-1	Black	Red	2-1	Black	Red	1-3	Black	Red
4-1	Red	Green	2-2	Red	Green	2-1	Red	Green
5-1	Red	White	3-1	Red	White	2-2	Red	White
6-1	Black	Orange	3-2	Black	Orange	2-3	Black	Orange
7-1	Black	Brown	4-1	Black	Brown	3-1	Black	Brown
8-1	Black	Yellow	4-2	Black	Yellow	3-2	Black	Yellow
9-1	Black	Blue	5-1	Black	Blue	3-3	Black	Blue
10-1	Green	Yellow	5-2	Green	Yellow	4-1	Green	Yellow
11-1	Green	Blue	6-1	Green	Blue	4-2	Green	Blue
12-1	Green	White	6-2	Green	White	4-3	Green	White
13-1	Blue	White	7-1	Blue	White	5-1	Blue	White
14-1	Green	Orange	7-2	Green	Orange	5-2	Green	Orange
15-1	Green	Brown	8-1	Green	Brown	5-3	Green	Brown
16-1	Blue	Yellow	8-2	Blue	Yellow	6-1	Blue	Yellow
17-1	Brown	White	9-1	Brown	White	6-2	Brown	White
18-1	Orange	White	9-2	Orange	White	6-3	Orange	White
19-1	Red	Orange	10-1	Red	Orange	7-1	Red	Orange
20-1	Red	Yellow	10-2	Red	Yellow	7-2	Red	Yellow
21-1	Red	Brown	11-1	Red	Brown	7-3	Red	Brown
22-1	Blue	Orange	11-2	Blue	Orange	8-1	Blue	Orange
23-1	Yellow	White	12-1	Yellow	White	8-2	Yellow	White
24-1	Blue	Brown	12-2	Blue	Brown	8-3	Blue	Brown

Installing the 5A CTs on the PowerHawk 6412

Use the two 12-pair wiring harnesses provided with the meter to connect the 5A CTs to the PowerHawk 6412.

For wire color coding, see Table 3 or the label inside the outer cover of the meter. Follow these instructions to install the 5A CTs on the PowerHawk 6412.

Do not apply power until you have made these connections and followed all instructions below:

- Connect all CTs to shorting blocks to the appropriate circuits
- Connect the shorting blocks to the cables
- Connect the cables to the PowerHawk 6412

⚠ DANGER
HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Turn off all power supplying this equipment before working on or inside the equipment.• Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off.• NEVER open circuit a CT; use the shorting block to short circuit the leads of the CT before removing the connection from the meter.• Do not crimp the insulation when making the wire connections.
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

1. Connect the two wiring harnesses to the PowerHawk 6412.

The connectors are labeled Plug 1/Plug 5 to Plug 4/Plug 8 on the cable. This is also labeled on the meter. Ensure the connectors are inserted in the proper order and that the connectors are securely locked in place.

- a. Connect the first wiring harness to the Mate-n-Lok™ connectors 1 to 4, and secure the cables to the PowerHawk 6412 chassis with cable ties.
 - b. Connect the second wiring harness to the Mate-n-Lok™ connectors 5 to 8, and secure the cables to the PowerHawk 6412 chassis with cable ties.
2. Turn off the power feed to the panel where the CTs are being installed. Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off.
 3. Route the free end of the cable out of the meter enclosure through the slot in the base of the chassis.
 4. Strip the plastic sheaths to an appropriate length to expose the wire pairs. Cut and strip the wire pair leads to an appropriate length.
 5. Connect the wire pair leads from the meter to the CT shorting block. See Table 3 for the color pair assignment of each meter point. Ensure that the CT shorting block is in the shorted position.
 6. Connect the CT wire pair leads to the input of the CT shorting block. See Table 3 for the color pair assignment of each meter point.
 7. Remove the feed wire from the circuit breaker, place the CT over the wire, and reconnect to the circuit breaker. Ensure that the arrow on the CT label is pointing in the direction of the energy flow (toward the load).

NOTE: The direction of the energy flow is indicated on the CT.

8. Repeat steps 5 to 7 for remaining CTs.
9. Remove the shorting block jumper.

Figure 16 shows the 5A CT wiring harness connected to the PowerHawk 6412.

Figure 16: Connecting the 5A CT wiring harness

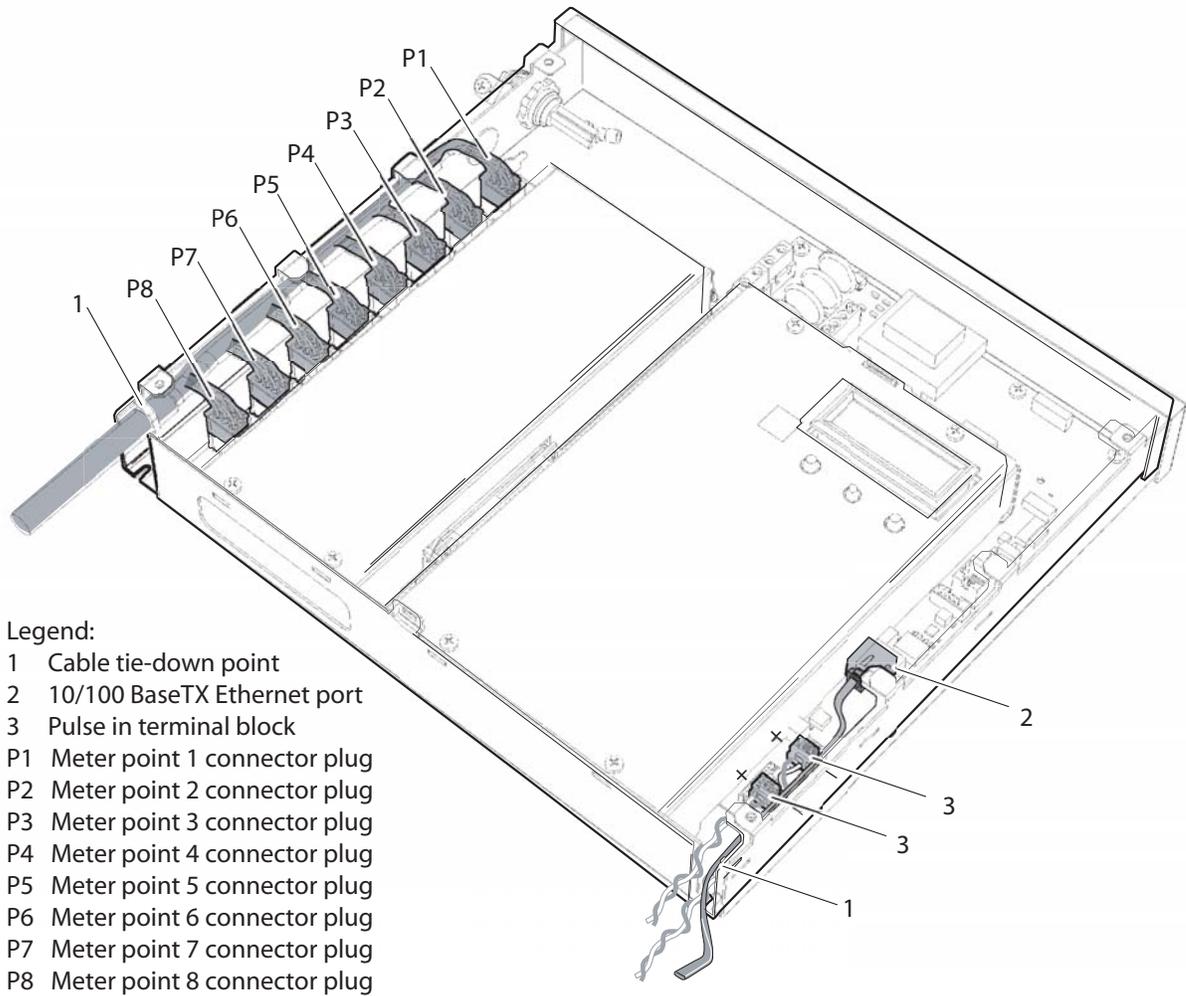


Table 3: PowerHawk 6412 CT color pair identification

1-phase, 12 or 24 meter points			Network- or 1-phase, 12 meter points			3-phase, 8 meter points		
Meter point ID (meter point #-probe #)	Connect X1 CT lead to:	Connect X2 CT lead to:	Meter point ID (meter point #-probe #)	Connect X1 CT lead to:	Connect X2 CT lead to:	Meter point ID (meter point #-probe #)	Connect X1 CT lead to:	Connect X2 CT lead to:
Cable 1			Cable 1			Cable 1		
1-1	Black	Red	1-1	Black	Red	1-1	Black	Red
2-1	Black	White	1-2	Black	White	1-2	Black	White
3-1	Black	Green	2-1	Black	Green	1-3	Black	Green
4-1	Black	Blue	2-2	Black	Blue	2-1	Black	Blue
5-1	Black	Yellow	3-1	Black	Yellow	2-2	Black	Yellow
6-1	Black	Brown	3-2	Black	Brown	2-3	Black	Brown
7-1	Black	Orange	4-1	Black	Orange	3-1	Black	Orange
8-1	Red	White	4-2	Red	White	3-2	Red	White
9-1	Red	Green	5-1	Red	Green	3-3	Red	Green
10-1	Red	Blue	5-2	Red	Blue	4-1	Red	Blue
11-1	Red	Yellow	6-1	Red	Yellow	4-2	Red	Yellow
12-1	Red	Brown	6-2	Red	Brown	4-3	Red	Brown
Cable 2			Cable 2			Cable 2		
13-1	Black	Red	7-1	Black	Red	5-1	Black	Red
14-1	Black	White	7-2	Black	White	5-2	Black	White
15-1	Black	Green	8-1	Black	Green	5-3	Black	Green
16-1	Black	Blue	8-2	Black	Blue	6-1	Black	Blue
17-1	Black	Yellow	9-1	Black	Yellow	6-2	Black	Yellow
18-1	Black	Brown	9-2	Black	Brown	6-3	Black	Brown
19-1	Black	Orange	10-1	Black	Orange	7-1	Black	Orange
20-1	Red	White	10-2	Red	White	7-2	Red	White
21-1	Red	Green	11-1	Red	Green	7-3	Red	Green
22-1	Red	Blue	11-2	Red	Blue	8-1	Red	Blue
23-1	Red	Yellow	12-1	Red	Yellow	8-2	Red	Yellow
24-1	Red	Brown	12-2	Red	Brown	8-3	Red	Brown
1-1	Black	Red	1-1	Black	Red	1-1	Black	Red

Connecting the Communications

Connections for communications using the modem or Ethernet are described in this section.

Connecting the Phone Line

If the modem reporting option is being used, an analog telephone patch cable and a splitter may be required to connect the customer phone line to the PowerHawk meter.

1. Connect the patch cable between the termination block of the phone line and the PowerHawk meter.
2. Route the cable through the slot in the PowerHawk meter enclosure.
3. See the PowerHawk meter Configuration Guide for instructions on how to program the meter for dial-out operation before performing a manual configuration test.

Connecting the Ethernet Cable

If the Ethernet port is used to report data, an RJ45 patch cable is required to connect the Ethernet port to the local Ethernet network.

1. Route the cable through the slot in the PowerHawk meter enclosure.
2. If the local network automatically assigns IP addresses through a DHCP server, the PowerHawk meter will be able to report using its factory default IP settings. If the local network is configured for static IP addresses, refer to the PowerHawk meter Configuration Guide for instructions on how to configure default static IP addresses.

Start-Up Sequence

Use the following procedure to start up the PowerHawk meter.

1. Ensure that all CT and sense voltage wiring is securely installed.
2. Remove all tools from the work area.
3. Re-install all cover plates and equipment covers.
4. Power up the meter. The LCD on the front panel of the meter indicates the operating status of the unit as follows:
 - a. Initial power up message "PowerHawk 6X12"
 - b. After the internal configuration is complete, the display shows default information for the first meter.

Manually Testing Communications

This procedure clears the meter memory, manually tests the communications from the PowerHawk meter, and updates the meter clock. To force the meter to send data, follow these steps:

1. Press and hold the Display button for 5 to 7 seconds until the diagnostics mode is displayed, then release.
2. If communicating via Ethernet, press the Display button until "Local IP Address" appears on the display.
 - a. If the IP address is 169.254.0.10, the meter has not found a DHCP server. As a result, the meter will use its default IP configuration and may not be able to report. See the PowerHawk meter Configuration Guide for instructions on how to program default IP addresses.
 - b. If the IP address is not 169.254.0.10, the meter has acquired an IP address from the local network, and will be able to report data and synchronize time.

3. Press the Display button until the "Send" command appears on the display.
4. Press the center or the right arrow button to manually force the PowerHawk meter to report metering data using the Ethernet or modem connection. This clears data from the PowerHawk meter memory, and ensures the time is set correctly.

Pulse Inputs

There are two pulse in terminal blocks in the PowerHawk meter, as shown in Figure 16. Each terminal block has a negative terminal pin on the right and a positive terminal pin on the left. The pulse inputs are compatible with both dry and solid-state form A contacts, 10 Hz (maximum), 20 ms pulse width (minimum). The inputs are not polarity-sensitive to dry relay contacts. When the pulsing device provides solid-state form A outputs, the negative terminal from the source device must be connected to the negative terminal of the PowerHawk meter pulse in terminal block.

Display Navigation

The PowerHawk meter has three buttons to control the information presented on the LCD. The display has a normal and a diagnostics mode. The PowerHawk meter starts in normal mode, and enters diagnostics mode when the Display button is pressed and held for 5 seconds. To adjust the contrast, hold down the Display button, and use the right and left arrow buttons to increase and decrease the contrast respectively.

Normal Mode

In Normal mode, the Display button scrolls through the information for each meter. The left and right arrow buttons select the previous or next meter points respectively. The following information is available:

- Real Energy Delivered kWh D
- Real Energy Received kWh R
- Real Power Watts
- Reactive Energy Delivered KVarhD
- Reactive Energy Received KVarhR
- Reactive Power Var

In Normal mode, the right and left arrow buttons scroll the display from meter points 1 to 8, 1 to 12, or 1 to 24, depending on your configuration.

Diagnostics Mode

Diagnostics mode is accessed by pressing and holding the Display button for 5 seconds. In Diagnostics mode, pressing the Display button will scroll through the following additional information:

- Send data command
- CT Primary value and Real Power Watts per phase
- Voltage per phase
- Local IP address
- Reset factory default IP address command
- Date and time (UTC)

In Diagnostics mode, the right and left arrow buttons scroll the display from meter 1 through N. When the local IP address is shown on the LCD, use the right and left arrow buttons to scroll through the following information:

- Remote host server IP address
- Time server IP address
- Default IP address
- Default NetMask
- Default gateway
- PPP user name
- Phone number
- AT command string
- Alternate phone number
- Unit serial number
- Firmware build number
- Ethernet port MAC address
- Firmware revision
- Potential transformer ratio

Recording the Meter Map

The final step in the installation process is to complete the Installation Record, and record the mapping of the meters to the wired points. A copy of Figure 17, which is organized to resemble a breaker panel, is provided with each PowerHawk meter, and is to be completed and delivered to your system administrator.

Figure 17: Installation Record (sample shown)

PowerHawk 6212 and 6312 Installation Record

Panel Description: _____
 Customer: _____
 Address: _____
 City: _____
 Prov/State: _____
 Postal/Zip Code: _____
 Inspection Date: _____
 Inspector: _____
 PowerHawk MAC: _____ PowerHawk Serial #: _____



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Installation											
Volts	Amps	Hz	Phase	Wire	Service	Y					

Units												
Insp #	Maker	Badge #	Serial #	Type	Volts	Amps	Multi	Kh	Phase	Wire	Elements	Sealed

PTs									
Meter	Maker	Serial # A	Serial # B	Serial # C	Type	Primary	Secondary	PT Ratio	

Note: Connect the X1 lead (positive Lead) of the CT to the first colour of each wire pair (X1 CT input)

Meter Pt #	CT	Breaker Description	circuit	phase	circuit	Breaker Description	CT	Meter Pt #
			1		2			
			3		4			
			5		6			
			7		8			
			9		10			
			11		12			
			13		14			
			15		16			
			17		18			
			19		20			
			21		22			
			23		24			
			25		26			
			27		28			
			29		30			
			31		32			
			33		34			
			35		36			
			37		38			
			39		40			
			41		42			
			43		44			
			45		46			
			47		48			
			49		50			
			51		52			
			53		54			
			55		56			
			57		58			
			59		60			

MAINTENANCE

Do not perform any operation or maintenance procedures that are not described in this product documentation. No preventive maintenance is required on any of the equipment. Visually inspect the equipment yearly and ensure it is free of dust or other particles. If necessary, wipe with a clean cloth. Individual components are not user-serviceable and must be returned to Triacta Power for repair.

Fuse Replacement

⚠ DANGER

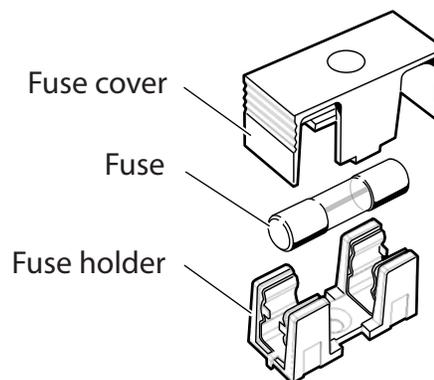
HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Apply appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) and follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E.
- Turn off all power supplying this equipment before working on or inside equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off.
- Replace all devices, doors and covers before turning on power to this equipment.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

1. Turn off all sources of power before attempting to replace the fuse. Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off.
2. Remove the outer cover from the unit.
3. Locate fuse F1 at the top left corner inside the unit.
4. Remove the fuse cover, then remove the fuse from the holder as shown in Figure 18.
5. Replace fuse F1 with a fuse that meets the specifications listed in Table 1 on page 2.
6. Replace the fuse cover.
7. Re-install the cover and turn on the power source.

Figure 18: Replacing the fuse



REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

The PowerHawk meter must be installed by a certified electrician with knowledge of local safety regulations. Initial installation of the unit, and any subsequent modification to the unit, must be inspected by the local electrical safety authority.

The PowerHawk meter complies with the standards listed in Table 4.

Table 4: Regulatory Compliance

Discipline	Regulatory and industry standard
Safety	UL certified to IEC/EA/UL/CSA 61010-1 2 nd Edition CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-04
Emissions (EMC)	FCC Part 15 Class B, ICES-003 EN55022, IEC 6100-4-5
Surge power/telephone lines	ANSI/TIA968-A: 2002

Equipment servicing and access

The information in this section must be considered as a mandatory requirement, and must be strictly adhered to when installing and operating PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters.

Access to equipment

The equipment must be accessible to authorized personnel only. Equipment must be installed in areas where access can be restricted.

Servicing the equipment

No preventive maintenance is required on any of the equipment. Visually inspect the equipment yearly and ensure it is free of dust or other particles. If necessary, wipe with a clean cloth.

Component servicing

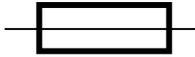
Individual components are not user-serviceable, and must be returned to Triacta Power for repair. If an equipment fault occurs, do not attempt to repair the faulty component.

All maintenance activities should be performed by qualified personnel only. Do not perform any operating or maintenance procedures that are not described in the product documentation provided by Triacta Power.

Graphical symbols

Table 5 shows the graphical symbols that appear on the equipment.

Table 5: Graphical symbols that appear on equipment

Symbol	Description
	Indicates the supply wire protective earth, also known as chassis ground, for the primary ground.
	This symbol indicates a replaceable fuse.

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USER NOTES

**PowerHawk 6212, 6312 and 6412 meters
Installation Guide**

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Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Triacta Power for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

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